

Market Commentary

The first quarter of 2026 (the Quarter) proved to be one of the most volatile in recent years, as markets navigated a succession of powerful cross currents. Early optimism around AI-driven earnings growth and continued ex-US equity rotation quickly gave way to a historic energy shock as coordinated US-Israeli strikes on Iran at the end of February triggered the effective closure of the Strait of Hormuz, through which approximately 20% of the world's oil supply transits.

Global equities finished the Quarter lower (-3.2% in USD), as stocks and bonds sold off globally on rising inflation fears. Commodities were the standout performer with value stocks significantly outperforming growth stocks as the rotation away from mega-cap technology accelerated. The US dollar finished the Quarter stronger, reversing the weakness of prior months on safe-haven and petro-dollar demand.

US equities underperformed (-4.6% in USD) in the worst quarterly decline since Q3 2022. Technology stocks had already struggled earlier in the Quarter as investors grew concerned that advancing AI capabilities would threaten the software-as-a-service (SaaS) model, with US software stocks declining from January through late February. The energy shock compounded these pressures. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) left rates unchanged at its March meeting, maintaining its outlook for one cut in 2026 — a stark contrast to the rate cuts markets had been pricing at the start of the year — as the Fed navigated the challenge of rising energy-driven inflation against a softening labour market.

European equities declined (-2.8% in USD), as the energy shock revived concerns about the region's growth outlook and the European Central Bank signalled increasing openness to rate hikes. The UK was an exception, with the FTSE All-Share delivering positive returns supported by its commodity tilt and the tailwind of a weaker sterling for large-cap exporters.

Asian equities were mixed over the Quarter. Japanese equities finished higher over the Quarter (1.4% in USD), supported by yen weakness and the tailwind from Prime Minister Sanae Takaichi's historic snap election victory in February. Emerging Markets (-0.2% in USD) outperformed developed markets despite being significantly challenged by the Middle East conflict, with positive AI sentiment supporting Taiwanese and Korean stocks earlier in the period before giving back gains as energy import risk came into focus.

Elsewhere, Brent Crude surged over the quarter (+70.9% in USD) as the Strait of Hormuz closure drove the largest quarterly oil price increase on an inflation-adjusted basis in nearly four decades. Gold finished lower, declining from January's all-time highs as rising bond yields weighed on the non-yielding metal. The US Dollar finished higher.

Portfolio Commentary

The Antipodes Global strategy (the Strategy) outperformed the benchmark over the Quarter and significantly outperformed the benchmark over the 12 months to 31 March 2026.

Performance was led by exposures in North America (US), Korea, Western Europe (Germany, France and Italy) and Latin America (Brazil). Exposures in Canada and the UK were the most notable detractors. From a sector perspective, performance was led by energy, consumer discretionary, industrials and healthcare, whilst positioning in financials, real estate and materials detracted over the quarter. Short positioning contributed positively over the quarter.

The portfolio maintains a defensive ballast against a wide range of outcomes, and over the quarter defensive exposures were increased, via consumer staples, maintaining exposure to healthcare and infrastructure — whilst gold exposure was trimmed. Cyclical exposures were trimmed over the quarter, namely reducing exposure to financials and consumer cyclicals whilst exposure to energy/process companies was increased — namely adding to on existing positions in the energy sector. Exposure to structural investment trends remained largely unchanged despite a rotation within digitisation namely within software, whilst moderately trimming connectivity/compute exposure.

Regionally, net exposure to North America was reduced (increasing short, trimming long), Europe exposure was largely unchanged, exposure in Developed Asia (Korea & Japan) was trimmed against strength and Emerging Markets exposure increased. Overall, portfolio long exposure decreased, whilst short exposure was increased, resulting in an overall decrease in the portfolio's net equity position

Detailed commentary on key contributors, detractors and portfolio changes are outlined below.

Quarterly performance drivers

Key stock contributors to performance over the Quarter included:

- **Hyundai Motor** rallied to record highs during the Quarter, driven by growing investor enthusiasm for its AI and robotics strategy, including its Boston Dynamics/Atlas humanoid robot showcase and potential further collaboration with NVIDIA. Performance was further supported by Hyundai's signing of a memorandum of understanding with the South Korean government to invest approximately KRW 9 trillion (approximately A\$10 billion) to establish an innovation hub in Gunsan, anchored by AI, robotics, and hydrogen energy capabilities.
- **TotalEnergies** surged higher towards the end of the Quarter supported by volatile and elevated oil prices, which lifted earnings expectations and cash flow outlook. Heightened geopolitical tensions drove sharp swings in Brent Crude, benefiting integrated energy producers with strong upstream leverage. The rally was reinforced by solid CY25 results and constructive 2026 guidance, including expected production growth, rising LNG volumes and continued expansion in integrated power, which further underpinned investor confidence.
- Electronics testing company **Keysight Technologies** pushed higher following a Q1 FY26 earnings beat and raised outlook. The company reported revenue and EPS exceeding forecasts, demonstrating accelerating demand across communications, aerospace/defence and semiconductor testing markets. Results were supported by strong order growth (~22 % year-on-year) and improving backlog, which led to an uplift in earnings expectations. Management highlighted structural drivers including AI infrastructure, next-generation connectivity and defence modernisation as key tailwinds.
- Offshore drilling operator **Valaris** surged over the quarter after Transocean announced a US\$5.8 billion all-stock acquisition of the company, offering shareholders a ~32 % premium and creating the world's largest offshore drilling contractor with a significantly expanded fleet and backlog. The deal reinforced expectations of stronger pricing power and industry consolidation as offshore drilling demand improves.


Key stock detractors to performance over the Quarter included:

- **Microsoft** saw a sharp correction amid the broader software sector selloff. Despite reporting strong Q2 earnings, elevated AI-related capital spending and concerns about potentially decelerating cloud growth and near-term monetisation weighed on investor sentiment.
- **Capital One Financial** underperformed amid a risk-off environment for financials, with the stock pressured by regulatory overhang. Early in January 2026, President Trump called for a one-year cap on US credit card interest rates at 10%, a move that could reshape the economics for major card issuers by limiting interest income and potentially tightening lending standards. The materiality of Trump's call depends on Congressional approval and any subsequent implementation by lenders adjusting credit standards. At a company level, Capital One reported mixed Q4-25 results with resilient top-line trends, but near-term margin and credit headwinds.
- **Salesforce** finished lower amid sector-wide software sell-off driven by intensifying fears that rapid AI evolution could disrupt traditional enterprise software models and valuations. Salesforce continues to demonstrate robust fundamentals, and we estimate earnings can continue to grow at 14% year-on-year, driven by the momentum of its recently deployed autonomous AI agent platform, Agentforce.

Portfolio changes

	<p>Walt Disney (Entry): The market is extrapolating the structural decline of linear TV across the whole business, ignoring two segments performing strongly. Disney's streaming segment posted operating income of US\$450 million in fiscal Q1 2026, up 72% year-over-year, while the Experiences segment generated record quarterly revenue of US\$10 billion, alongside US\$3.3 billion in operating income. We believe there is a meaningful valuation gap that should close once the margin inflection becomes visible in FY26. ESPN's direct-to-consumer transition provides additional optionality that the market is currently discounting, and a US\$7 billion share buyback (roughly 3.8% of shares) for FY2026 signals management confidence in the undervaluation.</p>
	<p>NVIDIA (Entry): The opportunity in NVIDIA has been created from the market's extrapolation of near-term AI uncertainty, despite a structural demand inflection for the world's dominant AI infrastructure provider. On our estimates NVDA trades on a 2027 multiple of 13x. Management now guides at least \$1 trillion in AI infrastructure demand through 2027 — double the \$500bn signalled twelve months ago — and frames this as a floor with NVDA the main beneficiary underpinned by the CUDA installed base. Revenue is also diversifying beyond hyperscalers, with sovereign clouds, enterprise, and robotics growing while the SaaS-to-agentic transition represents a further enterprise IT monetisation opportunity.</p>
	<p>Woodside Energy (Entry): The market has mispriced Woodside as a mature income stock, anchoring on near-term capital expenditure and LNG oversupply concerns. It is irrational to extrapolate today's free cash flow trough into the steady-state economics of a company on the cusp of a major production step-change. The Scarborough offshore gas project — a major brownfield expansion feeding into the existing Pluto LNG facility in Western Australia — is 94% complete and on track for first LNG cargo in Q4 2026. With ~75% of LNG volumes contracted for 2026–2028 and Capital Markets Day targets pointing to >20% free cash flow yield once capex rolls off by 2032, the re-rating opportunity is compelling. Current elevated oil prices provide a near-term earnings tailwind.</p>
	<p>Progressive Corporation (Entry): We initiated a position in Progressive, a leading US personal and commercial auto insurer with top-tier market positions, a hybrid distribution model, and a strong track record of innovation and underwriting discipline. Despite derating from its September 2025 highs, Progressive reported strong fourth-quarter results with net income up 25%, policies in force growing 10% to 38.6 million, and a full-year combined ratio of ~88%. The company has a proven track record, most recently as the fastest to react to auto loss cost inflation in 2022 and subsequently able to start reducing rates and rapidly gain market share in 2023-24. At ~11x forward earnings, we see an opportunity to own a high-quality compounder with a proven underwriting discipline.</p>
	<p>Hyundai Motor (Exit): We exited our position in Hyundai Motor following a strong rally that took the stock to elevated levels relative to near-term earnings. Fourth-quarter operating profit declined ~40% as US tariffs weighed on North American margins (tariffs reduced operating profit by 1.5 trillion won in the quarter alone). While the company's hybrid-led strategy and Boston Dynamics robotics optionality remain attractive, the near-term earnings outlook is uncertain given trade policy headwinds, and we began to trim into strength to manage position size and eventually exited over the Quarter.</p>
	<p>Westlake Chemical (Exit): We exited our position in Westlake Chemical. The company's Performance and Essential Materials (PEM) segment has been under sustained pressure from weak global industrial demand, reduced operating rates, and significant unplanned maintenance costs. In December 2025, Westlake announced the permanent closure of four facilities, impacting ~295 positions. While the restructuring should deliver ~\$175 million in annual free cash flow savings from 2026, and management projects a \$600 million EBITDA improvement, execution risk remains elevated, and broader chemical industry conditions are not yet supportive of a recovery thesis.</p>
	<p>Daikin (Exit): We trimmed our position in Daikin, the Japanese HVAC leader. While the company's long-term structural positioning in data centre cooling capabilities and leadership in energy-efficient air conditioning remains compelling, the near-term operating environment has been challenging. Daikin's Q3 operating profit declined 15% year on year, materially below consensus expectations, driven primarily by weaker residential demand in North America and soft sales across Asia. In response, management is accelerating cost reduction initiatives and restructuring efforts. The medium-term plan is expected to provide clarity on margin recovery and capital allocation priorities.</p>
	<p>Lennar Corp (Exit): Gross margins on home sales fell to 15.2% in Q1 FY2026, from 18.7% a year earlier. Sales incentives of ~14% of revenue (versus a historical 4–6%) are becoming entrenched rather than normalising. Deliveries, average prices, and new order guidance are all tracking below expectations. The structural US housing undersupply story is real, but the bridge to earnings recovery is longer and more painful than the original case anticipated.</p>

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